



LUZIA[™] premiered in April 2016 and is *Cirque du Soleil's* 38th original production since 1984.

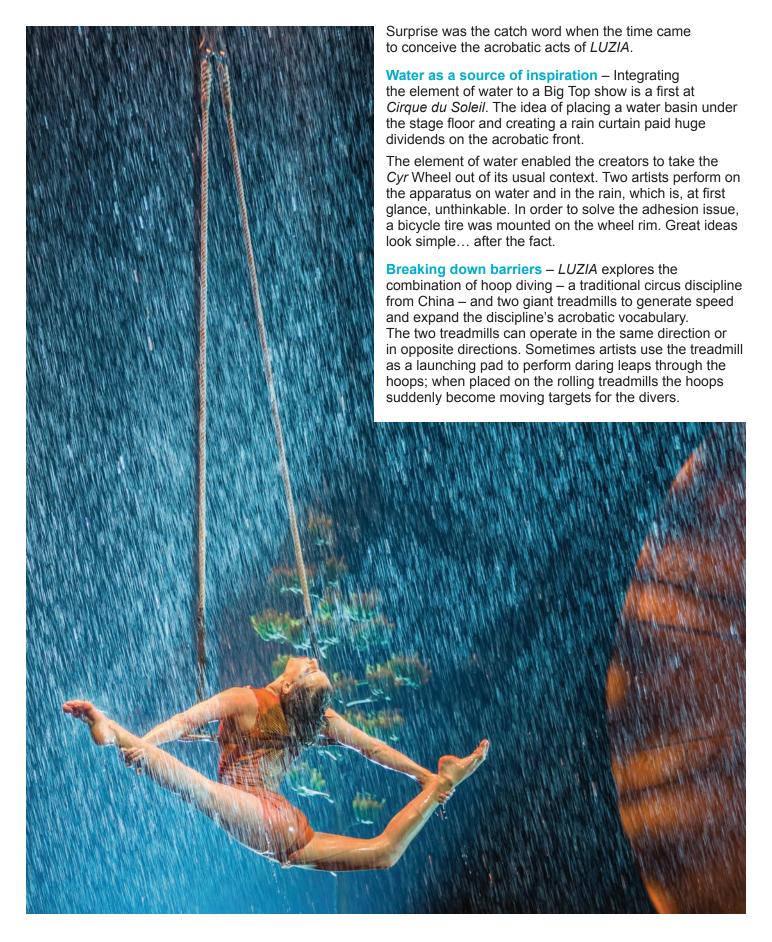
A WAKING DREAM OF MEXICO

In a series of grand visual surprises and breathtaking acrobatic performances, *LUZIA* takes audiences on a surreal escape to an imaginary Mexico — a sumptuously vibrant world suspended between dreams and reality. Smoothly passing from an old movie set to the ocean to a smoky dance hall or an arid desert, *LUZIA* journeys through a colorful tapestry of multiple places, faces and sounds of Mexico taken from both tradition and modernity.

Poetically guided by light ('luz' in Spanish) and rain ('lluvia'), *LUZIA* chronicles the encounters of a parachuted traveler with the culture, nature and mythology of a dreamlike land inhabited by a mystifying menagerie of characters. Refreshing and unexpected, *LUZIA* enchants by artistically incorporating water into the acrobatic presentation – a first for a *Cirque du Soleil* touring production.



ACROBATIC PERFORMANCE



THE SCENES/ACTS (in the show's running order)



PROLOGUE

The sound of a plane is fading away as a parachutist is free falling towards a land of memories. He lands in a field of *cempasuchil* flowers (yellow marigolds) surrounding a gigantic metallic key. As he turns the key by curiosity, the traveler gets taken away on a magical journey through time and place, somewhere between dreams and reality.



RUNNING WOMAN

As the morning sun rises, a woman and a metallic horse run together to awake this imaginary Mexico where the journey of the traveler will take place. The running woman spreads her "butterfly wings" in a tribute to the annual migratory journey of the monarch butterfly from southern Canada to central Mexico.



HOOP DIVING ON TREADMILLS

This tableau combines hoop diving with two giant treadmills in a soaring tribute to agility and speed. A group of acrobats wearing hummingbird costumes, complete with wings and a long beak, jump through hoops a mere 75 centimeters (less than 30 inches) in diameter. Performing the feat on two treadmills makes the challenge even more daunting. The acrobats leap through the hoops sometimes feet first, sometimes backwards, sometimes bent in half. Some even leapfrog over their partners in order to jump through the rings.



ADAGIO

In a nod to the golden age of Mexican cinema, this hand-to-hand act unfolds in a smoky dance hall reminiscent of *Salon Mexico*. Three porters proficient in the art of "flinging acrobats in the air" hurl a flyer above their heads where she performs intricate flips. Sometimes the porters hold her by the hands and feet, turning her into a human skipping rope.



CYR WHEEL AND TRAPEZE

With cacti silhouetted against the setting sun, two young women dance on stage in large majestic hoops as in a dream. Rolling among the *quiotes* (Agave plants), they are soon joined by a trapeze artist who performs a series of original figures, sometimes hanging only by one heel. The performance culminates in the rain.



BEACH CLOWN

After riding his bicycle through the mountains in direction of the beach, the traveler stops to drink water out of his canteen...which is unfortunately empty. He finds an abandoned beach ball which allows him to break the fourth wall and engage in a competitive ball match with the audience.



HAND BALANCING

A lifeguard struts about on a buoy among the waves in a tribute this time to Mexican cinema of the 1920s. He gradually builds two rows of flexible canes on top of his buoy. Under the command of an overzealous film director, the artist performs a series of figures, sometimes balancing on one hand, sometimes doing push-ups, sometimes holding an iron cross position, all the while flaunting his great physical strength. He builds his tottering structure to an impressive 6 meters (close to 20 feet) above the stage.



FOOTBALL DANCE

This youthful act pays tribute to the modern ritual sport of football, highly celebrated in Mexico. A man and a woman try to outdo each other by deftly manipulating a ball with their feet and head. They make the ball bounce, roll and spin using their knees, feet, soles and the back of their neck. When it starts to rain, time seems to stand still as the artists carry on, impervious to the downpour.



CLOWN RAIN AND PERCUSSIONS PARADE

The traveler, still thirsty, tries to rehydrate with the providential rain water. Little did he know that rain would be very difficult to tame in this imaginary Mexico. Two-dimensional images created from water droplets and blank spaces start falling from the sky before a parade of percussionists and singers, reminiscent of the Day of the Dead celebrations, take over the stage.



MASTS & POLES

In a dreamlike setting that recalls experiments with peyote (a plant with hallucinogenic properties), acrobats climb up and down vertical poles and criss-cross in the air while leaping from one pole to the other.



SWING 360

In a nod to the very popular Mexican sport of professional wrestling called *lucha libre* (or 'free fight'), an artist wearing a luchador mask and costume climbs onto a swing. Under his own power he makes the apparatus swing higher and higher until he reaches the tipping point and the swing makes a full turn.



AERIAL STRAPS

An artist representing a demigod of rain emerges from the pristine waters of a cenote recalling the naturally occurring sinkholes the Mayan believed were gateways to the afterlife. He performs a graceful aerial straps act, whipping the surface of the water as he rotates on the straps in a circle just above the water. The artist interacts with a puppet resembling a life-size jaguar, an animal that has become a mythological figure of Mexican culture. The artist manages to gain the big cat's trust in this tableau brimming with lyricism.



JUGGLING

In a tribute to the art of speed juggling popular in Mexico, an artist manages to juggle seven pins at breakneck speeds. The pins whirl so fast they become a metallic blur just like the propellers of an airplane. The juggler engages in a dialogue with the marimba, a musical instrument typical of the Veracruz region in Eastern Mexico.



CONTORTION

An artist enveloped in a mystical aura amid glowing candles puts his body in knots with astounding ease and flexibility. He twists his body in unimaginable positions, and even manages to touch the back of his head with his pelvis!



CLOWN SCUBA DIVING

The traveler takes a dive to explore the underwater world, which first looks peaceful until he disturbs three cacti relaxing on the ocean floor.



SWING TO SWING

Under a luminous red moon, artists perform a stunning Russian swing act. For the first time at *Cirque du Soleil*, the two swings are mounted on a turntable so that the audience can enjoy the performance from all angles. The pushers demonstrate impeccable timing by flinging their partners up to 10 meters (33 feet) in the air.



FIESTA FINALE

All the characters the traveler has met through his journey gather together for a festive celebration around a large dining table. They each wear a different costume incorporating the traditional Otomi embroidery patterns, giving a sense of unity and community to this final scene.



ACROBATIC BICYCLE

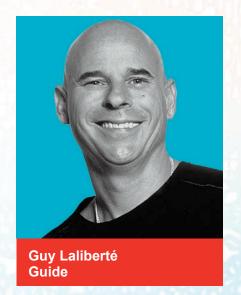
Our passing transient, the whistle signals the arrival of The Afilador who rides his bike as if it were a grand horse—a street merchant on his trusted wheels transforms into a Caballero! Acrobatic Bicycle is an intricate, defying balance agility act.



HAIR SUSPENSION

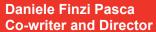
As the Rain Gods falls from the sky, a Goddess rises from the water ... Hair Suspension act is inspired by 'Chalchiuhtlicue', the Aztec Goddess of Water. The artist performs a mesmerizing solo aerial act of fluidity and indigenous movements, through the purity of one point suspension; in reverence to the power of an ancient culture that worshipped natural forces.

THE CREATIVE TEAM











Brigitte Poupart Associate Director



Director of Creation

THE CREATIVE TEAM (continued)















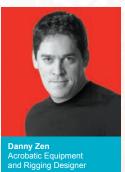
















THE MAIN THEMES OF LUZIA

Through its set design, costumes, acrobatic performances and music, *LUZIA* explores various themes linked to the culture, history and mythology of Mexico, some of which may not seem connected at first glance.

Monumentality – Visitors to Mexico may experience a certain light-headedness when faced with the staggering beauty of the country's landscapes, forests and nature, but also with the richness of its culture and the splendor of its architectural wonders.

Speed – It is natural to associate Mexico with the idea of speed. One needs only call to mind the uncanny ability of certain people in Mexico, such as the *Tarahumaras* - a northwestern Native tribe renowned for their astounding long-distance running skills- who make seemingly superhuman efforts on a daily basis, deriving great strength from their deeply spiritual perspective of life.

Rain in all shapes and forms – In Mexico, there are as many types of rain as there are clouds that produce it – from the refreshing showers of Coyoacán, an iconic neighborhood at the heart of Mexico City, to the torrential rains that sweep across Baja California, to the plentiful autumn rains, as violent as they are sudden. In the diversified geography of Mexico, rain is part of the collective consciousness and has a narrative force all its own.

Surreal menagerie and poetic vision of reality -

The fascination of the Mexican people for the animal world is as evident in the country's traditions and mythology as it is in its traditional arts and crafts. This special connection with nature and animal life stems from a poetic – and even magical – vision of reality. This is apparent in the Mesoamerican concept of the nagual according to which the spirit of an animal lives in every human being from birth; this spirit protects and guides the individual throughout their life.









SET DESIGN & PROPS

Set Designer Eugenio Caballero had three overriding objectives when he envisioned the *LUZIA* set. First, he wanted to convey the idea of monumentality and of grandeur commonly associated with Mexico. Second, he wanted to make sure that each spectator would have a great view of all of the acts, regardless of where they are sitting under the Big Top. And third, he set out to create an environment where location and timeline changes would be quick and seamless.

The creative team decided to bring the element of water into the overall set design – a first for a *Cirque du Soleil* Big Top show. Hence the idea to set the Aerial Straps act in a cenote, a naturally occurring sinkhole or cistern the Mayan believed was a sacred gateway to the afterlife. The cenote is a powerful symbol at the heart of Mexican lore and geology.

The disk, a symbol of the grandeur of Mexican architecture – The great disk towering above the *LUZIA* stage, which represents in turn the sun, the moon and the Aztec calendar, pays tribute to some of the most colossal manmade structures in the world. The Teotihuacan archaeological site located 50 km northeast of Mexico City features some of the most architecturally significant Mesoamerican pyramids in the pre-Columbian Americas, built around 100 C.E.

The huge disk, which rotates horizontally and moves forwards and backwards, undergoes various transformations during the show. The massive object is equipped with a giant light box that turns the disk into the sun or the moon.

A journey inside a Blue Box – It's impossible to talk about one Mexico, hence the idea of a journey – literally and figuratively speaking – through the multiple places and faces of *LUZIA*'s imaginary Mexico. This was the starting point for the overall concept of the show: the spectator is taken from an old movie set to the ocean to the semi-desert to an undersea world to a cenote to the jungle to a city alleyway to a dance salon – passing smoothly from an urban setting to the natural world, past to present, tradition to modernity.

To make the idea of a journey through various geographic locations possible, Eugenio needed to create a neutral stage inside the Big Top. He came up with a variation on the black box theatre concept (a simple, somewhat unadorned performance space), which he dubbed the "Blue Box." The purpose of the blue in the backdrop and on the floor is to enhance the various elements that appear on stage.







SET DESIGN & PROPS (continued)

A field of *cempasuchil* – *LUZIA* starts with a field of 5,000 cempasuchil in bloom. These flowers – aka the Mexican marigold or the Aztec marigold – are the main element of Day of the Dead altars. The cempasuchil field in *LUZIA* is not there for purely esthetic reasons; it reflects a desire to share a profoundly meaningful ritual rooted in emotion.

The Papel Picado curtain – The keen-eyed observer will notice that the images on the huge Papel Picado (perforated paper) lantern-like structure that descends on the LUZIA stage represent various narrative elements and characters in the show – a horse, a field of flowers, a flock of hummingbirds, a plaza, a cenote, a cave, an underwater world, raindrops, a storm, the sun, a city, and desert cacti.

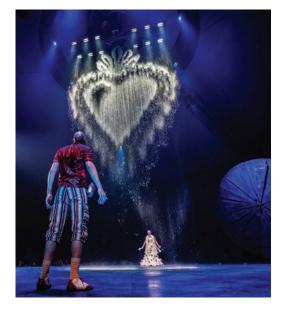
Set design and props close-ups

- With its two revolving rings and central platter, the stage floor has 94,657 holes through which the water drains into a 5,000-litre basin hidden underneath.
- The disk is 6.9 m in diameter and weighs about 2,000 kg (4,409 lbs). It is supported by a giant bracket, called the "Cobra," that functions like a crane. The disk can move over a distance of 5.5 m (18 feet.) and can rotate horizontally 360 degrees in both directions.
- Mounted on a cylinder, the Papel Picado curtain is 11 m (36 ft.) high by 30 m (98 feet.) wide. Set Designer Eugenio Caballero worked with Javier Martínez Pedro, an artist from a small town in Guerrero, to create the images that were all drawn by hand. The imagery was created by punching more than 13,000 holes into the surface of the curtain.
- The two treadmills weigh 3,630 kg (8,000 lbs) apiece and are powered independently by 28 automobile-type batteries.
- Made out of water, the images and patterns that appear in the rainfall are generated electronically by a graphical water display screen. The images interact with the artists and support the story and mood of the show. There are Otomi patterns, rain drops, flowers as well as various animal figures that are nods to the strange, warm and whimsical creatures of Mexican painter Francisco Toledo.

A word about the water curtain and water management – Integrating the element of water inside the Big Top represented a huge technical challenge on several fronts. The water must be filtered, disinfected and maintained at a constant 39° C for the well-being of the artists. All 10,000 litres of water used during the performance are recycled for the entire duration of a stay in a given city.

All of the metal-based infrastructure elements as well as the electrical and electronic equipment (including the lighting and sound equipment) installed close to water must be protected from electric shock. A bridge suspended 14 meters (46 feet) above the stage supports the water reserve and the set of 174 nozzles. The structure can rotate 360 degrees. The nozzles can be individually controlled to create two-dimensional images using water droplets and blank spaces.

The water in the basin is channeled to an external 3,000-litre tank where it is treated and pumped up to the bridge 17 meters (56 feet) above the stage.







THE COSTUMES

When Costume Designer Giovanna Buzzi sat down with the co-authors of *LUZIA* to imagine the costumes, they decided to steer clear of the folkloric aspects of Mexico and Mexican culture and to avoid potential clichés, especially when it comes to the color palette.

Assigning specific colors to each scene – It is natural to associate Mexico with a mosaic of bright colors. But in order to avoid the pitfalls of turning the stage into a potpourri of colors, the creators chose to build a story in which each scene would have its own distinct color or combination of colors, like the subtle strokes of an artist's paintbrush. In the Adagio tableau, for instance, a flying woman dons a beautiful pink corset in an otherwise monochromatic environment, while the artists in the *Cyr* Wheel/Trapeze tableau are clad in yellow hues. The nods to Mexican hues are deliberately subtle. Overall, the show proves to be highly colorful, but iconic colors such as cobalt blue and Mexican pink are not found in their usual contexts.

A noble menagerie – Animals play a prominent role in Mexican lore and mythology, a tradition that carries over into daily life. In *LUZIA*'s imaginary Mexico, it is no big deal to come across a man with the head of an armadillo, swordfish or iguana, or a crocodile playing the Marimba, or a woman with a hummingbird's head and wings. At the top of the show, a group of hoop divers are dressed as a flock of colorful hummingbirds. Later on, the Adagio scene unfolds in a strange bar in which a female character is wrapped in an iguana shawl, an ode to the Mexican surrealist movement.

Technology in the service of art – Some of LUZIA's striking costumes are the result of innovative research and development. A case in point is the dress that "magically" turns from white to red. In order to turn this vision into reality, the people at C:LAB (the creative laboratory of Cirque du Soleil) came up with a clever solution: the dress was fitted with 61 white, individually programmed flowers, each one equipped with a small motor. When the flowers open their petals, they reveal their red interior, thus triggering the metamorphosis. The dress weighs a whopping 9 kg!





THE COSTUMES (continued)

COSTUME CLOSE-UPS

- Because some artists perform in the water, new types of soles had to be designed for shoes, while a system to dry costumes between shows had to be developed.
- The Running Woman spreads her "butterfly wings" in an tribute to the annual migratory journey of the monarch butterfly from southern Canada to central Mexico for the winter. Each wing is 6 m (19.6 feet) long, is made of silk and requires 40 m (131 feet) of material.
- The hoop divers are dressed as hummingbirds, complete with head, beak and wings. They are in costume when they leap through hoops a mere 75 cm (2.5 feet) in diameter!
- The puppeteers and prop manipulators all wear Guayabera shirts – the traditional men's wedding shirt in Mexico – instead of the usual black bodysuit.
- The costumes of the male swimmers in the Hand Balancing act each weighs roughly 3.5 kg (7.7 lbs) and contains approximately 850 tiny mirrors that twinkle under the projectors. Their female counterparts' costumes each contains approximately 300 mirrors and weighs about 3 kg (6.6 lbs).
- There are 160 heart-shaped pieces sewn onto the artists' costumes during the Swing 360 act. They are cut from vinyl and have a metallic sheen. The Sacred Heart is one of the most common motifs in religious folk art in Mexico.
- Each performance requires 140 pairs of shoes.
- The artisans in the costume workshop developed 6 crocodile heads, 1 iguana shawl, 1 cockroach, 1 grasshopper, 1 armadillo, 1 snake, 5 swordfish heads and 3 tuna heads. Some of the "body parts" are manipulated like puppets so that the creatures look alive.
- The 1,000 costume pieces seen on stage in LUZIA

 (and the exact same amount of back-up pieces traveling with the show) are carefully looked after by a team of 4 permanent wardrobe staff members and 4 local employees.
- Each costume is custom-fitted for each artist and handcrafted at the Cirque du Soleil International Head Quarters in Montreal. The average lifespan of the LUZIA costume pieces is 1 year.





THE MUSIC

A musical journey – The music of *LUZIA* takes the audience on an incandescent journey to the heart of the show's imaginary Mexico. The score whisks spectators away on a voyage of exploration that takes them from a traditional village to a desert by way of a tropical jungle, to the seaside and all the way to an alleyway in a bustling metropolis. For *LUZIA*, Composer Simon Carpentier wrote a hot, lively score with distinctive Latin American flavors. A little like the Running Woman – one of the emblematic characters in the show –, the music jumps playfully from style to style, from one rhythm to the next, from emotion to emotion, striding across landscapes as joyfully as across musical boundaries.

Music of a thousand faces – Beyond clichés and stereotypes, the audience hears the buoyant rhythms of cumbia, a music genre close to salsa dominated by guitars, accordions and percussions, as well as the lively rhythms of bandas, the traditional music of traveling brass bands. Simon also drew inspiration from the rich, tonic rhythms of *norteño*, a popular genre in Northern Mexico, as well as from huapango, a flamenco-based music style from the La Huasteca region along the Golf of Mexico coast.

Music came to Mexico by sea via the neighboring islands, but also from Europe. It is a collage of miscellaneous styles, genres and cultures. Rhythms of the Spanish-speaking Caribbean and Latin America blend with tribal sounds that dig the roots all the way to the Mayas and the Aztecs.

The music of *LUZIA* is steeped in this rich mixture – an amalgam of ancient and modern sounds infused with the brassy notes of tubas and trumpets and the suave melodies of the Spanish guitar, all driven forward by the relentless percussion and drums.

Voice "recognition" – In the realm of Latin American music, the voice is a powerful instrument – a vector of emotion, flavors and rhythms bolstered by a lively, expressive language. In LUZIA, the vocal parts blend tradition with modernity, with hints of opera, to spread the strong Latin American vibe.







CREATION PROCESS

At *Cirque du Soleil*, the creation process is organic and influenced by the creators and their experience. Each new production is first assigned a Director, a Production Manager and a Director of Creation, who liaise with freelance creators and the various *Cirque du Soleil* teams. This quartet will develop the basic show concept before other creators join the team, including a set designer, a costume designer, a composer, a choreographer, a lighting designer, an acrobatic performance designer, etc. The concept of a show then takes form based on extensive exchange and discussion among members of the creation team. As these exchanges are taking place, the Casting team suggests artists to the Director. The creation may take from one to three years depending on the nature of the show to be developed.

Creation meetings, costume and set design, as well as the first rehearsals are held at *Cirque du Soleil* International Headquarters in Montreal. Artists from all over the world arrive in the city to begin workshops and rehearsals eight to nine months before the premiere, right up until the final staging sessions to be held in the big top or theatre.

CASTING

Cirque du Soleil is constantly looking for talent for its shows in operations and its future creations. Talent scouts look for originality, talent and the unusual by holding auditions around the world and attending competitions, shows, festivals and various events. Potential artists are divided in three major categories:

Sports Disciplines – Around 40% of current *Cirque du Soleil* artists are retired competitive athletes from sports such as artistic, acrobatic and rhythmic gymnastics, trampoline, tumbling, synchronized swimming and diving.

Circus Arts – A majority of *Cirque du Soleil* artists aim from circus schools, contemporary circus companies, traditional circuses or even were born into families with generations of circus performers.

Artistic Disciplines – Singers, musicians, dancers, actors and clowns play a big role in creating magic in *Cirque du Soleil* shows through their musical talent, ability to convey emotion with movement, or aptitude for engaging the audience directly. All these artists are trained and experienced professionals from the performing arts world.



TOURING OPERATONS

Tour Management – An array of services is offered to the 115 cast and crew members of *LUZIA*. The Tour Management department takes care of the travel and lodging of all individuals, working visas, insurance programs and provides supporting accounting services. Three chefs tour with *LUZIA* and serve an average of 250 meals daily with the support of 10 local staff members. A Senior Publicist overseeing all PR, Direct Marketing & Social Media initiatives also travels with the show.

Artistic Direction – The Artistic Director of *LUZIA* has the extensive mandate of ensuring the quality of each performance in respect of the original concept, overseeing the selection and integration of new artists, managing the creation of back-up scenarios and feeding the show's evolution through time. Supported by a team of Stage Managers, Coaches, Performance Medicine Therapists and Wardrobe Technicians, the Artistic Director oversees the well-being, work load and daily motivation of the 46 cast members of *LUZIA*.

Performance Medicine – Two Performance Medicine Therapists travel with *LUZIA* to monitor the physical condition of the artists, procure treatment, develop targeted training programs, and suggest performance modifications when needed. On-site appointments with a locally-sourced Massage Therapist and a Pilates Coach are also offered to artists.

Show Technical Department – A team of 21 show technicians are required to operate the show and perform the daily maintenance on the equipment. The team is divided into 5 departments: Lighting, Sound, Rigging, Automation and Stage Carpentry.

Site Technical Department – As *LUZIA* travels with its own canvas theatre, a team of 8 tent specialists, carpenters, welders, plumbers and electricians is responsible of the set-up, teardown and maintenance of the installations.

Customer Experience – A team of Customer Experience Team Leaders and an Event and Safety Manager manage more than 150 local employees to deliver a high-standard customer experience to the 2,600 audience members attending each performance.

FUN FACTS

- A total 115 people from 26 countries are part of the touring cast and crew of LUZIA.
- The 47 artists alone represent 18 different nationalities: Australia, Belarus, Canada, Colombia, Finland, France, Guinea, Italy, Israel, Mexico, The Netherlands, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States, Poland, Russia and Venezuela
- There are more than 40 different job titles on site.
- The cast & crew of LUZIA live in company-provided corporate apartments and hotels.



VILLAGE ON WHEELS

Le Grand Chapiteau – The light-colored Big Top helps counter the effects of the sun, thereby reducing energy consumption and minimizing greenhouse gas emissions.

The Village – The mobile Cirque du Soleil village includes the Big Top, one large Concessions Tent, VIP Tents, the Artistic Tent (backstage areas), a Kitchen, Offices, Technical Shops and more. Completely self-sufficient for electrical power, the site relies only on local water supply and telecommunication facilities to support its infrastructure.



FUN FACTS

- The Big Top seats more than 2,600 people.
- The entire site set-up takes 8 days. This includes the installation of the Big Top, the Concessions Tent, the VIP Tents and the rehearsal spaces.
- The Big Top stands at 19 meters (62 feet) high and is 51 meters (167 feet) in diameter.
- The 4 steel masts stand at 25 meters (82 feet) tall each.
- 550 pegs are required to hold the big top firmly to 48,500 square feet of asphalt.
- The Big Top can withstand winds up to 120 km/h (75 mph).
- LUZIA travels via 80 trailer trucks carrying close to 2,000 tons of equipment.